

General Certificate of Education

Mathematics 6360

MD02 Decision 2

Mark Scheme

2009 examination - January series

Mark schemes are prepared by the Principal Examiner and considered, together with the relevant questions, by a panel of subject teachers. This mark scheme includes any amendments made at the standardisation meeting attended by all examiners and is the scheme which was used by them in this examination. The standardisation meeting ensures that the mark scheme covers the candidates' responses to questions and that every examiner understands and applies it in the same correct way. As preparation for the standardisation meeting each examiner analyses a number of candidates' scripts: alternative answers not already covered by the mark scheme are discussed at the meeting and legislated for. If, after this meeting, examiners encounter unusual answers which have not been discussed at the meeting they are required to refer these to the Principal Examiner.

It must be stressed that a mark scheme is a working document, in many cases further developed and expanded on the basis of candidates' reactions to a particular paper. Assumptions about future mark schemes on the basis of one year's document should be avoided; whilst the guiding principles of assessment remain constant, details will change, depending on the content of a particular examination paper.

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Key to mark scheme and abbreviations used in marking

M	mark is for method								
m or dM	mark is dependent on one or more M marks and is for method								
A	mark is dependent on M or m marks and is for accuracy								
В	mark is independent of M or m marks and is for method and accuracy								
E	mark is for explanation								
√or ft or F	follow through from previous								
	incorrect result	MC	mis-copy						
CAO	correct answer only	MR	mis-read						
CSO	correct solution only	RA	required accuracy						
AWFW	anything which falls within	FW	further work						
AWRT	anything which rounds to	ISW	ignore subsequent work						
ACF	any correct form	FIW	from incorrect work						
AG	answer given	BOD	given benefit of doubt						
SC	special case	WR	work replaced by candidate						
OE	or equivalent	FB	formulae book						
A2,1	2 or 1 (or 0) accuracy marks	NOS	not on scheme						
−x EE	deduct x marks for each error	G	graph						
NMS	no method shown	c	candidate						
PI	possibly implied	sf	significant figure(s)						
SCA	substantially correct approach	dp	decimal place(s)						

No Method Shown

Where the question specifically requires a particular method to be used, we must usually see evidence of use of this method for any marks to be awarded. However, there are situations in some units where part marks would be appropriate, particularly when similar techniques are involved. Your Principal Examiner will alert you to these and details will be provided on the mark scheme.

Where the answer can be reasonably obtained without showing working and it is very unlikely that the correct answer can be obtained by using an incorrect method, we must award **full marks**. However, the obvious penalty to candidates showing no working is that incorrect answers, however close, earn **no marks**.

Where a question asks the candidate to state or write down a result, no method need be shown for full marks.

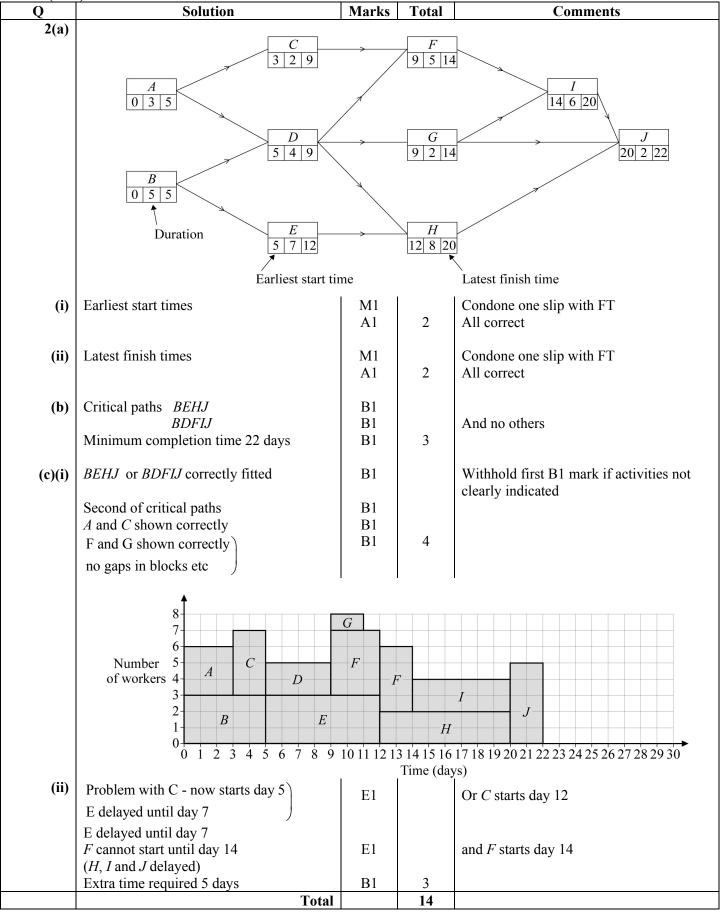
Where the permitted calculator has functions which reasonably allow the solution of the question directly, the correct answer without working earns **full marks**, unless it is given to less than the degree of accuracy accepted in the mark scheme, when it gains **no marks**.

Otherwise we require evidence of a correct method for any marks to be awarded.

MD02

Q			Solutio	n		Marks	Total	Comments
1(a)	Reducing columns:							
` `								
	7	9	7	4	5			
	9	7	6	5	3	M1		Reducing columns (allow up to 2 slips)
	3	5	4	1	0			
	3	2	3	0	1			A 11
	0	0	0	1	1	A1		All correct
	Reducin	g rows:						
	3	5	3	0	1			
	6	4	3	2	0			
	3	5 2	4	1	0			
	3		3	0	1	4.1	2	
	0	0	0	1	1	A1	3	AG
(b)	x x	x x x x						
	·		Τ					
	Coverin	g with 3	lines as	above		B1		
	Subtract adding 2				ntries and es	M1		Condone one slip
	1 4 1	3 2 3 0	1 1 2	0 2 1	1 0 0			
	_0	0	0	В	3	A1		Correct table
		ed entrie			reduce ase double	m1		Condone one further slip
	0 3 0 1	2 1 2 0	0 0 1 1	0 2 1 1	1 0 0 2			
	0	0	0	4	4	A1	5	CSO
(c)	S-1, Q					M1		
	P3, Q4,					A1	_	First correct match 1S, 2T, 3P, 4Q, 5R
	P5, Q4,	K2, S1,	T3			A1	3	Second match 1S, 2R, 3T, 4Q, 5P
(d)	Minimu	m time i	1 + 1 = 1	3 + 12 +	17 + 15			
	= 70					B1	1	Or $10 + 13 + 18 + 17 + 12 = 70$
					Total		12	

MD02 (cont)



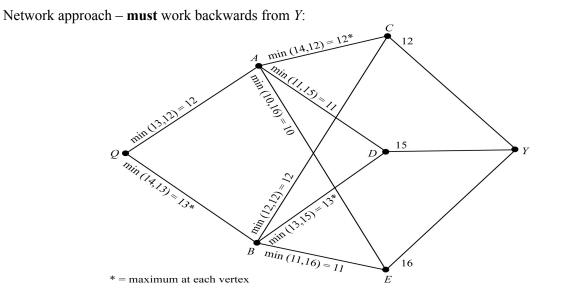
MD02 (cont)

MD02 (con Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
3(a)	P x y z r s Value	11.2002 12.0	- 0 1411	O VIIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII VIII V
		B1		B0 if no slack variables used
	1 -4 5 -6 0 0 0	Б1		Bu it no stack variables used
	0 6 7 -4 1 0 30	B1		
	0 2 4 -5 0 1 8	B1	3	
(b)(i)	Both negative when each value is divided by the entry in <i>z</i> -column	E1	1	
(ii)	Pivot from <i>x</i> -column since value in top row is negative			
	$\frac{30}{6} = 5$, $\frac{8}{2} = 4$ and $4 < 5$	E1		Both calculations and comparison needed
	Choose 2 as pivot	B1	2	
(iii)	1 0 13 -16 0 2 16	M1		Row operations keeping pivot row fixed
	0 0 -5 11 1 -3 6	A1		or divided by 2 First or second row correct
	$0 1 2 -2\frac{1}{2} 0 \frac{1}{2} 4$	A1	3	All correct (final row may be 0 2 4 -5 0 1 8)
(iv)	x = 4	B1		
	y=0, $z=0$	B1	2	
(v)	As z increases, P increases without limit	E1	1	
(c)(i)	New initial tableau			
	Q x y z r s Value			
	$1 \frac{-}{4} 5 \stackrel{\bigcirc}{20} 0 0 0$			
	0 6 7 -4 1 0 30			
	0 2 4 -5 0 1 8	B1√		
	Revised tableau after one iteration			
	1 0 13 (10) 0 2 16	B1	2	Top row only changed to exactly this
(ii)	$\operatorname{Max} Q = 16$	B1	1	
()	Total		15	

MD02 (cont)

MD02 (cont)	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments
4(a)	Row minima	Marks	1 Otai	Comments
4(a)	Kow minina –7			
	-1			
	-3			
	Column max 6 8 –1			
	Max (row min) = -1	M1		Attempting Row Min & Col Max
	Min (col max) = -1	A1		or Maxmin and Minmax All values correct and shown with
	M (COI ax) = -1	Al		correct words
	Since these values are equal the game has a stable solution	E1		Must both be −1 and have statement
	Raj plays II, Cal plays Z	В1	4	
	Raj piays II, Cai piays 2	Di	7	
(b)(i)	$C_1:5p-2(1-p)$	B1		7p-2
	$C_2: xp + 4(1-p)$	B1	2	
(ii)	Value of game = $\frac{8}{3}$			
	$\Rightarrow 5p - 2(1-p) = \frac{8}{3}$	M1		Their expected gain $(C_1) = \frac{8}{3}$
	_			3
	$\Rightarrow p = \frac{2}{3}$	A1		
	$xp+4(1-p)=\frac{8}{3}$	M1		Their C_2 gain = $\frac{8}{3}$ (must involve x)
	$\Rightarrow \frac{2}{3}x + \frac{4}{3} = \frac{8}{3}$			
	$\Rightarrow x = 2$	A1	4	
	Total		10	

Q			Solut	tion		Marks	Total	Comments
5(a)			n <i>QACY</i> is 11 tonn	is 12 tonnes		M1		Either 12 or 11 stated
	<i>QACY</i> a	ıllows g	reater loa	d to be carried	l	A1	2	Both 12 and 11 seen plus statement
(b)	Stage	State	Action	Calculation	Value			
` ′	1	С	CY	-	12			
		D	DY	-	15			
		E	EY	-	16	B1		Stage 1 values (12), 15 and 16
	2	A AC Min(14,12) 12* AD Min(11.15) 11 AE Min(10,16) 10 M1 A1	M1 A1		Stage 2: at least 3 min values correct At least 5 values correct			
		В	BC BD BE	Min(12,12) Min(13,15) Min(11,16)	12 13* 11	A1		All calculations showing minima an values correct
	3	Q	QA QB	Min(13,12) Min(14,13)	12 13*	m1		Stage 3: "12" and "13" brought forward from Stage 2
	A1	A1		All calculations and values correct				
	Maximi Maximu			= 13 tonnes		B1 B1	8	
					Total		10	
	Networl	k appro	ach – mu	st work backw	ards from	1 <i>Y</i> : (14,12) = 12	C	12



MD02 (cont)									
Q	Solution	Marks	Total	Comments					
6(a)	Arrival gates are U and R	B1	1						
(b) (c)	Cut value = $45 + 53 + 20 + 37 + 0$ = 155 Max flow along <i>UTSP</i> is 17 and along <i>RQVP</i> is 31	B1 B1 B1	1 2						
(d)(i)									
	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$			Route Value of Flow UTSP 17 RQVP 31 RSP 18 RQP 11 UTP 28 UVP 22 UVQP 9					
(ii)	Initial flows along <i>UTSP</i> and <i>RQVP</i> with potential increases and decreases Table: first route and correct flow Another route and flow Table correct Network: attempt to use labelling procedure with forward/backward flows All diagram correct Maximum flow = 136 Figure 5 correct:	M1 A1 A1 B1 B1	2	After UTSP and RQVP Other possible answers					
(e)	Rate reduced by 3 New maximum is 133 Total	M1 A1	2 14	"their" maximum flow – 3					
	Total		17						

75

TOTAL